

# SCAN Policies Database State Profile 2023: Kansas

# **Overview of the SCAN Policies Database**

The State Child Abuse and Neglect (SCAN) Policies Database compiles data on the definitions and policies that states use in their surveillance of child maltreatment, along with data on associated risk and protective factors. The SCAN Policies Database is funded by the Office of Planning, Research, and Evaluation in collaboration with the Children's Bureau in the Administration for Children and Families, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Mathematica leads this project in partnership with Child Trends.

The project's purpose is to review and compile information from states' definitions and policies to create a database of those definitions and policies that can be used for analysis. The SCAN Policies Database is a resource for researchers, analysts, child welfare agency staff, and others interested in examining differences between states in their definitions and policies on child maltreatment and how they change over time.

# Content

The scope of the SCAN Policies Database includes information about state definitions and policies related to child abuse and neglect for all 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico. The SCAN Policies Database team gathered this information through a document collection, review, and coding process. The team obtained input from states on data collection through a confirmation and verification process. More information about these data collection procedures can be found in the data user's guide and data collection protocol, accessible at <a href="https://www.scanpoliciesdatabase.com/data-use-resources">https://www.scanpoliciesdatabase.com/data-use-resources</a>.

The SCAN Policies Database 2023 represents data collected, reviewed, and verified between June 2023 and July 2024. The data reflect the state definitions and policies for the calendar year 2023. The scope of topics in the database includes states' definitions of child abuse and neglect, as well as information about policies related to reporting, screening, and investigating child maltreatment. Key aspects of the child welfare systems' response and context are also included.

The content in the SCAN Policies Database is organized into six domains. The state profiles, codebook, data collection protocol, and data file are also organized by these domains. In the protocol, each question begins with a letter prefix identifying the domain for each variable. The six domains with the identifying protocol number prefix are listed below.

Domain	Question prefix
Definitions	D
Reporting	R
Screening	S
Investigation	l
Child welfare response	W
Child welfare system context	С

### State profile

This SCAN Policies Database state profile is a summary of the information collected about the definitions and policies for the identified state. Each of the six domains contain a set of tables that depict the state's information for all variables within that domain.

The state profile presents data for each variable with "yes," "no," "unknown," or other response, as appropriate. The response of "unknown" appears for topics that could not be located from the state's available resources or verified with that state. In some cases, "logical skip" appears when a question was not applicable to a particular state, given a related response on a preceding question. Some information was not included in the state profile to ensure alignment with Executive Orders or other Presidential Actions.

#### Data use resources

Several data use resources are available to support users of the SCAN Policies Database:

- **Data user's guide:** The guide has detailed information about the data set, including the process used to collect and review the data, the scope of information included in the data set, guidance on using the data, such as how to link the data with other data sources, and notes about specific topics. The data user's guide includes appendices, including information about changes to the data between 2021 and 2023 that reflect changes to state laws and policies during that time period. There is one data user's guide that is updated and applicable for all rounds of data collection for the SCAN Policies Database.
- **Codebook:** The codebook provides information about each variable in the data set, including variable names, labels, definitions, protocol number, variable type, and frequencies. There are separate codebooks to summarize the data from each round of data collection.
- Errata statement: The errata statement presents corrections applied to previous rounds of data for the SCAN Policies Database. Starting in 2023, there is one errata statement that is updated and applicable for all rounds of data collection for the SCAN Policies Database.
- **Data collection protocol:** The protocol has the questions used to collect information about states' laws and policies as part of the data review and coding process for each round of data collection. There are separate data collection protocols for each round of data collection for the SCAN Policies Database.

These data use resources can be found on the SCAN Policies Database website (<u>https://www.scanpoliciesdatabase.com/data-use-resources</u>) or from the National Data Archive for Child Abuse and Neglect (NDACAN) (<u>https://www.ndacan.acf.hhs.gov/</u>).

### More information

More information about the SCAN Policies Database can be found at <u>https://www.scanpoliciesdatabase.com</u>. General inquiries can be submitted to <u>SCANPoliciesDatabase@mathematica-mpr.com</u>.

# State identifying information

# Table I. State Identifying information

	Response
State abbreviation	KS
State Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) code	20
Census region code	Midwest
State verified coding of information	Yes
State confirmed documents reviewed	Yes
State definitions and policies for calendar year	2023
Data version	2023v1

# Domain D: Definitions of child maltreatment

		Response
1.	Types of maltreatment included in state definition	
a.	Physical abuse	Yes
b.	Excessive corporal punishment	Yes
c.	Sexual abuse	Yes
d.	Emotional maltreatment	Yes
e.	Neglect	Yes
f.	Inadequate clothing	Yes
g.	Inadequate shelter	Yes
h.	Malnourishment, inadequate food	Yes
i.	Medical neglect, inadequate medical care	Yes
j.	Failure to thrive	Yes
k.	Educational neglect	Yes
١.	Abandonment	Yes
m.	Injurious environment. Likelihood of harm to child's health, physical well-being	Yes
n.	Drug lab. Child present within structure where methamphetamine is being created	Yes
0.	Inadequate supervision. Failure to meet parent or caretaker responsibilities	Yes
p.	Drug or alcohol misuse. Parental drug or alcohol misuse causing harm to child	No
q.	Prenatal exposure to drugs or alcohol	No
r.	Illicit substance. Illegally providing a controlled substance to a child	Yes
s.	Human trafficking, involuntary servitude, sexual servitude	Yes
t.	Female genital mutilation	Yes
u.	Shaken baby syndrome, abusive head trauma	Yes
۷.	Failure to protect. Failure to protect from harm	Yes
w.	Domestic violence. Exposure to domestic violence	Yes
х.	Factitious disorder by proxy	Yes
у.	Institutional abuse/neglect	Yes
Z.	Other definition (specify)	Yes - Substance affected infant
2.	Subtypes of maltreatment included in state definition	
a.	Subtypes of maltreatment considered abuse	Abuse includes physical abuse, sexual abuse, and mental or emotional abuse; Sexual abuse includes human trafficking; Emotional abuse and physical abuse includes domestic violence
b.	Subtypes of maltreatment considered neglect	Neglect includes physical neglect, emotional neglect, failure to provide a child with food, clothing or shelter, failure to protect, substance affected infant, lack of supervision, and medical neglect; Lack of supervision includes domestic violence

### SCAN Policies Database State profile: Kansas

Table D.I (continued)

		Response
c.	Subtypes of maltreatment considered other than abuse or neglect	Not applicable
3.	Level of harm included in state's definition of child maltreatment	
a.	Inflicts harm	Yes
b.	Imminent danger or substantial risk of harm	No
4.	Differences in level of harm included in state's definition of child maltreatment by type of maltreatment	Νο
5.	Type of harm or injury specified in state's definition of child maltreatment	
a.	Death, bodily injury, impairment of physical condition	Yes
b.	Impairment of mental or emotional condition	Yes
c.	Harmful environment, conditions	Yes
d.	Type of harm or injury not specified	No
e.	Other (specify)	No
6.	Variation in extent of injury or harm by maltreatment type in the state's definition of child maltreatment	No
7.	Perpetrator identified as part of state's definition of child maltreatment	Yes
8.	Types of perpetrators specified as part of state's definition of child maltreatment	
a.	Any person	Yes
b.	Parent	Yes
C.	Guardian	Yes
d.	Caregiver/caretaker	Yes
e.	Family member or parent's paramour	Yes
f.	Household member	Yes
g.	Person responsible for child	Yes
	Other (specify)	No
	Types of perpetrators vary by type of maltreatment	Yes
10	. Explanation of variation in types of perpetrator by maltreatment type	The perpetrator for neglect can only be a parent, guardian, or person responsible for the child
11.	. Child age included in definition of child maltreatment	Yes
12	Specific child age in definition of child maltreatment	Under age 18 and up to 21 if in the care of the agency
13	. Variability of child age by type of maltreatment	No

# Table D.II. Child maltreatment definition exemptions

		Response
1.	Exemption included in state's definition of child maltreatment	
a.	Financial issues, financial inability to provide for a child	Yes
b.	Discipline; physical discipline, if it is reasonable and causes no bodily injury to the child	Yes
c.	Safe haven exemption; newborn relinquished or abandoned in accordance with infant safe haven and safe surrender laws	Yes
d.	Infant testing positive for drugs – medical; newborn with positive test for controlled substance due to parent's medical treatment	No
e.	Religious observance; parent relies on spiritual or religious forms of medical treatment	Yes
f.	Other exemption (specify)	No
2.	Safe haven exemption included in state's definition of child maltreatment	
a.	Must leave a child at specific safe haven locations or designated providers	Yes
b.	Child must be left by parent or parent's agent	Yes
C.	Child must be left by a certain age (specify)	Yes - 60 days old or younger
d.	No intent to return	Yes
e.	Child must be left unharmed	Yes
f.	Other (specify)	Yes - Child may be left by person having legal custody of the child

### 2023

#### Table D.III. Definitions and response for child fatalities and near-fatalities cases

		Response
1.	State's definition of fatalities or deaths caused by child maltreatment	
a.	Not specified or defined	No
b.	Injury from abuse or neglect caused death	Yes
c.	Abuse or neglect was contributing factor in death	Yes
d.	Death of child who was in child welfare custody or foster care	Yes
e.	Other (specify)	No
2.	State conducts case reviews with a child fatality review team or a similar review process for fatalities caused by child abuse or neglect	Yes, reviews are required for all or some cases
3.	State's definition of near-fatalities or near- deaths caused by child maltreatment	
a.	Not specified or defined	No
b.	General reference to a serious or critical condition or injury that is life threatening with a substantial risk of death	Yes
C.	Specific injury or specific medical treatment or intervention (specify)	No
d.	Other (specify)	Yes - Child received services from Prevention and Protection Services within the past three years
4.	State conducts case reviews with a review team or similar review process for near-fatalities caused by child abuse or neglect	Yes, reviews are required for all or some cases

# Domain R: Reporting child abuse and neglect

# Table R.I. Reporting policies

		Response
1.	Statewide centralized reporting	Yes
2.	Decentralized reporting	Logical Skip
3.	Standard for reporting child maltreatment	
a.	Known abuse and neglect	Yes
b.	Reasonable cause to believe a child was abused or neglected	Yes
4.	Universal mandated reporting	No
5.	Required training for mandated reporters	No
6.	Penalties for failure to report	Yes, all mandated reporters
7.	Specific penalties for failure to report	
a.	Criminal charges	Yes
b.	Civil charges	No
c.	Professional licensure suspended or revoked	No
d.	Other (specify)	No
8.	Penalties for false reporting	Yes
9.	Specific penalties for false reporting	
a.	Criminal charges	Yes
b.	Civil charges	No
c.	Professional license suspended or revoked	No
d.	Other (specify)	No
10	Immunity for reporters of child abuse and neglect	Yes
11	Information requested at the time of report	
a.	Identifying information of child	Yes
b.	Location and contact information of child and family	Yes
c.	Type and severity of suspected maltreatment	Yes
d.	Date of suspected maltreatment	Yes
e.	Identifying and other information of alleged perpetrator(s)	Yes
f.	Identifying and other information of reporter	Yes
	Identifying information of child's parents, guardian, or caregiver/caretaker	Yes
h.	Identifying and other information of family or household members	Yes
i.	Information on prior maltreatment	Yes
j.	Other (specify)	No

Table R.I (continued)

	Response	
12. Anonymity of reporter	All reporters can remain anonymous	
13. Tribal involvement in state or local public child welfare agency's process to accept reports of Tribal cases	Yes, Tribes directly accept reports and collaborate with state/local public child welfare agency - Prairie Band Potawatomi Nation accepts reports; lowa Tribe of Kansas and Nebraska, Kickapoo Tribe in Kansas, Sac and Fox Nation of Missouri in Kansas and Nebraska, and Prairie Band Potawatomi Nation collaborate with child welfare agency to accept reports	
14. State requires all notifications of substance- exposed newborns (SENs) to be submitted as reports of child maltreatment		
a. State does not require all cases of SENs to be reported for child maltreatment, but they could be reported if they meet certain criteria	Yes	
<ul> <li>State requires all SENs to be reported as child maltreatment</li> </ul>	No	
c. Other (specify)	No	
15. Accepts reports of risk without an allegation of child maltreatment (risk-only reports)	No	

### Table R.II. Types of mandated reporters

		Response	Response	Response
1.	Types of mandated reporters	Included in state's definition of mandated reporters	Training required <sup>1</sup>	Subject to penalties for failure to report <sup>2</sup>
a.	Foster parents	No	Logical Skip	Logical Skip
b.	School staff - teachers	Yes	Logical Skip	Yes
C.	School bus drivers or other transportation staff	No	Logical Skip	Logical Skip
d.	Before- /after-school program staff	No	Logical Skip	Logical Skip
e.	Child care staff	Yes	Logical Skip	Yes
f.	Camp counselors, directors, or administrators	No	Logical Skip	Logical Skip
g.	Athletic coaches or staff	No	Logical Skip	Logical Skip
h.	Medical or dental professionals	Yes	Logical Skip	Yes
i.	Substance abuse disorder treatment providers	Yes	Logical Skip	Yes
j.	Mental health, counselors, or other social service professionals	Yes	Logical Skip	Yes
k.	Police or other law enforcement	Yes	Logical Skip	Yes
Ι.	Emergency medical technicians, firefighters, or other emergency personnel	Yes	Logical Skip	Yes
m.	Judges	No	Logical Skip	Logical Skip
n.	District attorneys or other attorneys	No	Logical Skip	Logical Skip
0.	Guardians ad litem or court-appointed special advocates	No	Logical Skip	Logical Skip
р.	Other court personnel	Yes	Logical Skip	Yes
q.	Shelter staff	No	Logical Skip	Logical Skip
r.	Those who work in fields processing or monitoring print, film, or computer images	No	Logical Skip	Logical Skip
s.	Religious clergy	No	Logical Skip	Logical Skip
t.	Volunteers	Yes	Logical Skip	Yes
u.	Coroners or medical examiners	No	Logical Skip	Logical Skip
v.	Staff or contractors of state and county agencies	No	Logical Skip	Logical Skip

#### Table R.II (continued)

	Response Response		Response
w. Other type of mandated reporter (specify)	Yes - Persons licensed to practice the healing arts; Chief administrative officers of medical care facilities; Mediators; Any member of the board of directors of the Kansas state high school activities association, and any person who is employed by or is an officer of such association	Logical Skip	Yes - Persons licensed to practice the healing arts; Chief administrative officers of medical care facilities; Mediators; Any member of the board of directors of the Kansas state high school activities association, and any person who is employed by or is an officer of such association

<sup>1</sup> Responses in this column can equal logical skip when the given type of mandated reporter is not included in the state's definition of mandated reporters or when no training is required for mandated reporters (Table R.II). Responses in this column can be yes when a state has universal mandated reporting (Table R.I) and all mandated reporters require training (Table R.II).

<sup>2</sup> Responses in this column can equal logical skip when the given type of mandated reporter is not included in the state's definition of mandated reporters or when no mandated reporters are subject to penalties (Table R.I). Responses in this column can be yes when a state has universal mandated reporting (Table R.I) and when all adults or all mandated reporters are subject to penalties (Table R.I).

# Domain S: Screening reports of child abuse and neglect

Table	S.I.	Screening	policies
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		Response
1.	Statewide centralized screening	Yes
2.	How screening is decentralized	Logical Skip
3.	Information required to screen in report	
a.	Identifying information of child	No
b.	Location and contact information of child and family	Yes
c.	Type and severity of suspected maltreatment	Yes
d.	Date of suspected maltreatment	No
e.	ldentifying and other information of alleged perpetrator(s)	No
f.	Other (specify)	Yes - Other individuals or agencies who have information about this incident and how to contact them; Availability of a non-abusing adult to protect child from further harm

# Table S.II. Screening decision process and activities

		Response	Required cases	Conditions or types of cases
1.	Decision processes used during screening			
a.	Supervisory review	Yes	Required for some	_
b.	Team-based decision	No	Logical Skip	—
c.	Individual screener	Yes	Required for all	_
d.	Other (specify)	No	Logical Skip	_
e.	Unknown	No	_	_
2.	Variability of decision process used for screening			
a.	Consistent statewide	Yes	_	_
b.	Varies locally	No	—	_
3.	Certain activities or information are required as part of screening	Yes		
4.	Activities or information required as part of screening			
a.	Safety or risk assessment	Yes	Required for all	Not applicable
b.	Review agency records for prior involvement with child protective services	Yes	Required for some	If report is not immediately accepted for further investigation or assessment, a review of agency records is not required, but may be conducted, as needed, to guide the Initial Assessment Decision
c.	Other (specify)	No	Logical Skip	Not applicable
5.	Types of safety or risk assessment used during screening			
a.	Structured decision making	Yes	_	_
b.	Other (specify)	No		
6.	Consistency of screening activities/information			
a.	Consistent statewide	Yes	_	_
b.	Varies locally (specify)	No	_	_

#### Table S.III. Screeners

		Response
1.	Screener of abuse and neglect reports	
a.	Caseworkers (frontline staff)	No
b.	Case managers (supervisors)	Yes
c.	Staff in specialized screening unit	Yes
d.	Other (specify)	No
2.	Qualifications of screener	
a.	Associate's degree	Yes
b.	Bachelor's degree	Yes
c.	Master's degree	No
d.	Training for screening (specify)	Yes - Specialized training through the Protection Report Center
e.	Years of experience (specify)	Yes - 2 years of work experience in the Kansas Protection Report Center or 2 years of college for Intake Protection Specialist (IPS); No experience required for Protection Specialist (PS)
f.	Other (specify)	No
3.	Degree in social work or related field for screeners	Yes, recommended or preferred, but not required
4.	Tribal involvement in state or local public child welfare agency's process to screen Tribal cases	Yes, Tribes directly conduct screening and collaborate with state/local public child welfare agency - Prairie Band Potawatomi Nation conducts screening; lowa Tribe of Kansas and Nebraska, Kickapoo Tribe in Kansas, Sac and Fox Nation of Missouri in Kansas and Nebraska, and Prairie Band Potawatomi Nation collaborate with child welfare agency to screen Tribal cases

# Domain I: Investigations of child abuse and neglect

		Response
1.	Findings from child maltreatment investigations can lead to criminal penalties	Yes
2.	Investigator for reports	
a.	Caseworkers (frontline staff)	Yes
b.	Case managers (supervisors)	No
c.	Staff in specialized investigations unit	Yes
d.	Law enforcement	Yes
e.	Other (specify)	Yes - Tribes
3.	Qualifications of investigator	
a.	Associate's degree	Yes
b.	Bachelor's degree	Yes
c.	Master's degree	No
d.	Training for conducting investigations (specify)	Yes - Prevention and Protection Services (PPS) Training Academy
e.	Years of experience (specify)	Yes - 2 years experience in investigation, fact finding or enforcing state or federal laws and regulations or associate's degree in social work in social work or criminal justice for Child Protection Investigator; No experience required for Child Protection Specialist
f.	Other (specify)	Yes - Valid driver's license
4.	Degree in social work or related field for investigators	Yes, recommended or preferred, but not required
5.	Level of evidence required for substantiation (founded/indicated/confirmed)	Preponderance of evidence
6.	Investigation determination can result in an "inconclusive" finding	No

		Response	Required cases	Conditions or types of cases
1.	Certain activities or information required for the investigation process	Yes		
2.	Specific activities or information required for investigation			
a.	Review agency records for prior involvement with child protective services	Yes	Required for some	At the investigator's discretion
b.	Visit to child's home	No	Logical Skip	Not applicable
C.	Interview or observation of child victim	Yes	Required for all	Not applicable
d.	Interview or observation of other children living in child's home	Yes	Required for all	Not applicable
e.	Risk or safety assessment	Yes	Required for all	Not applicable
f.	Evaluation of home environment or home study	No	Logical Skip	Not applicable
g.	Interviews with child's parents, caregivers, or other adults residing in child's home	Yes	Required for all	Not applicable
h.	Check of criminal records for adults in home	Yes	Required for some	At the investigator's discretion
i.	Check of child welfare or central registry for prior child maltreatment allegations against adults in home	Yes	Required for some	At the investigator's discretion
j.	Medical evaluation	Yes	Required for some	When it is determined medical services related to abuse or neglect are needed
k.	Mental health evaluation	No	Logical Skip	Not applicable
١.	Interview alleged perpetrator	Yes	Required for all	Not applicable
m.	Interview reporter or collateral source	Yes	Required for all	Not applicable
n.	Other (specify)	Yes - Visiting the scene of the alleged maltreatment; Obtaining relevant legal, medical, or other records	Required for some	At the investigator's discretion

# Domain W: Child welfare response

### Table W.I. Differential or alternative response

	Response
1. Differential/alternative response	No
2. Types of maltreatment eligible for differential/alternative response	Logical Skip
3. Types of maltreatment <u>not</u> eligible for differential/alternative response	Logical Skip
4. Eligibility for differential/alternative response determined by a risk determination	Logical Skip
5. Tools used to determine risk for differential/alternative response	Logical Skip
6. Risk level eligible for differential/alternative response	Logical Skip
7. Other types of cases or conditions eligible for differential/alternative response	Logical Skip
8. When is determination made for differential/alternative response	Logical Skip
9. Referrals to community services for cases engaged in differential response	Logical Skip

# Table W.II. In-home services, foster care, and permanency

		Response
1.	In-home services provided for unsubstantiated cases to maintain intact families	Yesimplemented statewide
2.	In-home services provided post reunification	Yesimplemented statewide
3.	Permanency	
a.	Kinship guardianship as a permanency option	Yes
b.	Subsidized guardianship	Yes
c.	Subsidized kinship guardianship	Yes
d.	Subsidized adoption	Yes
4.	Foster care case management staff	
а.	State/county public agency staff	No
b.	Contracted provider staff	Yes
c.	Tribal agency staff	No
5.	Qualifications of foster care case managers	
a.	Associate degree	No
b.	Bachelor's degree	Yes
c.	Master's degree	No
d.	Training for case management (specify)	Yes - PPS Training Academy
e.	Years of experience (specify)	No
f.	Other (specify)	No
6.	Degree in social work or related field for foster care case managers	Yes, required

# Table W.III. Tribal foster care and Tribes that directly operate Title IV-E programs through an agreement with HHS

	Response
1. Tribal involvement in foster care for Tribal cases	Yes, Tribes within state provide foster care - Iowa Tribe of Kansas and Nebraska; Kickapoo Tribe in Kansas; Prairie Band Potawatomi Nation; Sac and Fox Nation of Missouri in Kansas and Nebraska
2. Tribes directly operate a Title IV-E program through an agreement with US HHS	No
3. Number of Tribes that directly operate a Title IV- E program through an agreement with US HHS	Logical Skip
<ol> <li>Specify Tribes that directly operate a Title IV-E program through an agreement with US HHS</li> </ol>	Not applicable

# Table W.IV. Indian Child Welfare Act (ICWA)

	Response
1. Federal ICWA requirements codified in state law	No
2. Federal ICWA requirements that are codified in state law	Logical Skip
3. State law codifying ICWA includes state- recognized Tribes	Logical Skip

#### Table W.V. Extended foster care

		Response
1.	Foster care extension for youth older than age 18	Yes
2.	Age youth are allowed to remain in extended foster care	Up to age 21 (until 21st birthday)
3.	Youth must proactively request, provide consent, or opt-in to receive extended foster care	Yes
4.	Criteria for youth to remain in extended foster care	
a.	There are no criteria to remain in extended foster care	No
b.	Enrolled in school	No
c.	Employed	No
d.	Participating in workforce development/training program	No
e.	Comply with independent living/self-sufficiency plan	No
f.	Receive independent living or other services	No
g.	Medical condition exemption	No
h.	Other (specify)	Yes - Jurisdiction may continue until age 18, or until June 1 of the school year during which the child reaches age 18 if the child is still attending high school unless there is no court approved transition plan, in which event jurisdiction may continue until a transition plan is approved by the court or until the child reaches the age 21
5.	Reentry to extended foster care allowed for youth older than age 18 who aged out or left foster care	No
6.	Conditions for youth to reenter extended foster care	Logical Skip

# Domain C: Child welfare system context

# Table C.I. Child welfare system context

	Response
1. State- or county-administered child welfare system	State-administered
2. State operates under legal consent decree or other court-ordered monitoring	No

# **Supplemental Notes on State**

### Definitions

Using the information in the report of child maltreatment, the agency uses existing categories of assignment to establish whether the child was affected emotionally or physically or lacking supervision, and those cases would be assigned as emotional abuse, physical abuse, or lack of supervision.

Inadequate clothing or hygiene is considered maltreatment "to the extent the child's daily activities are adversely impacted or there are medical consequences (for example, sores, infection, physical illness, serious harm, hypothermia, or frostbite)."

For child maltreatment exemptions for infants testing positive for controlled substances, Kansas would not assign cases for maltreatment solely due to the infant testing positive. If services are indicated, Kansas might assign for the state's Family in Need of Assessment. Kansas will assign for maltreatment only if a medical professional determines the infant has been affected by the prenatal substance use.

For mental, emotional, physical, and sexual abuse, the state considers any person to be a perpetrator.

### Reporting

Kansas differentiates between substance-exposed infants and substance-affected infants. Responses are inclusive of substance-exposed and substance-affected. If a newborn meets the state's definition of substance-affected, the notification would be reported and screened as a typical report. A substance-exposed infant is not assigned for child maltreatment (child abuse or neglect). If there are no concerns about abuse or neglect and the family is not in need of services, then a report is not required.

Regarding the state accepting risk-only reports, the state may assign these reports for a Family in Need of Assessment, but they are not assigned for child maltreatment.

### Screening

Two types of staff receive reports: Intake Protection Specialist (IPS) and Protection Specialist (PS). Supervisors can override screening decisions if there are exceptional circumstances that warrant a different screening decision. Supervisors are only involved in the screening process when they override an initial assessment.

### Investigations

A Child Protective Investigator is a role dedicated to conducting child protection investigations, working in conjunction with the supervisor and child protection specialist.

#### Child welfare response

The state uses the term "permanent custodianship" instead of "guardianship."

# **State Statutes and Policy Documentation Sources**

Child Abuse and Neglect, Kansas Administrative Regulations § 30-46 (2019).

Crimes and Punishments, Kan. Rev. Stat. § 21 (2023).

District Officers and Employees, Kan. Rev. Stat. § 22-A (2002).

Kansas Department for Children and Families. (n.d.). Prevention and Protection Services: Online Reporting Information.

Kansas Department for Children and Families. (2020). Guide to Reporting Abuse and Neglect.

- Kansas Department for Children and Families. (2020). Tips for Making Online Report of Abuse or Neglect.
- Kansas Department for Children and Families. (2022). Title IV-B Child and Family Services Plan: Annual Progress and Services Report.

Kansas Department for Children and Families. (2023). PPS Policy and Procedure Manual.

- Kansas Department of Administration. (2016). Position Description: Child Protective Investigator.
- Kansas Department of Administration. (2016). Position Description: Intake Protection Specialist.
- Kansas Department for Children and Families, & National Council on Crime and Delinquency Children's Research Center. (2019). The Structured Decision Making System for Child Protective Services: SDM Intake Assessment Policy and Procedures Manual.

Minors, Kan. Rev. Stat. § 38 (2023).

Procedure, Civil, Kan. Rev. Stat. § 60 (2018).