

SCAN Policies Database State Profile 2021: South Carolina

Overview of the SCAN Policies Database

The State Child Abuse and Neglect (SCAN) Policies Database compiles data on the definitions and policies that states use in their surveillance of child maltreatment, along with data on associated risk and protective factors. The SCAN Policies Database is funded by the Office of Planning, Research, and Evaluation in collaboration with the Children's Bureau in the Administration for Children and Families, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Mathematica leads this project in partnership with Child Trends.

The project's purpose is to review and compile information from states' definitions and policies to create a database of those definitions and policies that can be used for analysis. The SCAN Policies Database is a resource for researchers, analysts, child welfare agency staff, and others interested in examining differences between states in their definitions and policies on child maltreatment and how they change over time.

Content

The scope of the SCAN Policies Database includes information about state definitions and policies related to child abuse and neglect for all 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico. The SCAN Policies Database team gathered this information through a document collection, review, and coding process. The team obtained input from states on data collection through a confirmation and verification process. More information about these data collection procedures can be found in the data user's guide and data collection protocol, accessible at https://www.scanpoliciesdatabase.com/data-use-resources.

The SCAN Policies Database 2021 represents data collected, reviewed, and verified between July 2021 and January 2022. The data reflect the state definitions and policies for the calendar year 2021. The scope of topics in the database includes states' definitions of child abuse and neglect, as well as information about policies related to reporting, screening, and investigating child maltreatment. Key aspects of the child welfare systems' response and context are also included.

The content in the SCAN Policies Database is organized into six domains. The state profiles, codebook, data collection protocol, and data file are also organized by these domains. In the protocol, each question begins with a letter prefix identifying the domain for each variable. The six domains with the identifying protocol number prefix are listed below.

Domain	Question prefix
Definitions	D
Reporting	R
Screening	S
Investigation	ı
Child welfare response	W
Child welfare system context	С

State profile

This SCAN Policies Database state profile is a summary of the information collected about the definitions and policies for the identified state. It is organized by six domains, with each section containing a set of tables that depict the state's information for all variables within that domain.

The state profile presents data for each variable with "yes," "no," "unknown," or other response as appropriate. The response of "unknown" appears for topics that could not be located from the state's available resources or verified with that state. In some cases, "logical skip" appears when a question was not applicable to a particular state, given a related response on a preceding question.

Data use resources

Several data use resources are available to support users of the SCAN Policies Database:

- Data user's guide: The guide has detailed information about the data set, including the process used to collect and review the data, the scope of information included in the data set, guidance on using the data, such as how to link the data with other data sources, and notes about specific topics. The data user's guide includes appendices with information on corrections to the SCAN Policies Database 2019 and a summary of changes to the data between 2019 and 2021 that reflect changes to state laws and policies during that time period. There is one data user's guide that is updated and applicable for all rounds of data collection for the SCAN Policies Database.
- Codebook: The codebook provides information about each variable in the data set, including variable names, labels, definitions, protocol number, variable type, and frequencies. The codebook includes several appendices, including a list of all sources used to review and code data. There are separate codebooks to summarize the data from each round of data collection.
- **Data collection protocol:** The protocol has the questions used to collect information about states' statutes and policies as part of the data review and coding process. There are separate data collection protocols for each round of data collection for the SCAN Policies Database.

These data use resources can be found on the SCAN Policies Database website (https://www.scanpoliciesdatabase.com/data-use-resources) or from the National Data Archive for Child Abuse and Neglect (NDACAN) (https://www.ndacan.acf.hhs.gov/).

More information

More information about the SCAN Policies Database can be found at https://www.scanpoliciesdatabase.com. General inquiries can be submitted to SCANPoliciesDatabase@mathematica-mpr.com.

State identifying information

Table I. State identifying information

	Response
a. State abbreviation	SC
b. State Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) code	45
c. Census region code	South
d. State verified coding of information	Yes
e. State confirmed documents reviewed	Yes
f. State definitions and policies for calendar year	2021
g. Data version	2021v1

Domain D: Definitions of child maltreatment

Table II. State's definition of child maltreatment

		Response
1. Type	es of maltreatment included in state definition	
* *	sical abuse	Yes
b. Exce	essive corporal punishment	Yes
c. Sexu	ual abuse	Yes
d. Emo	tional maltreatment	Yes
e. Negl	ect	Yes
f. Inade	equate clothing	Yes
g. Inade	equate shelter	Yes
h. Maln	nourishment, inadequate food	Yes
i. Medi	ical neglect, inadequate medical care	Yes
j. Failu	re to thrive	No
k. Educ	cational neglect	Yes
I. Abar	ndonment	Yes
	ious environment. Likelihood of harm to child's th, physical well-being	No
	lab. Child present within structure where namphetamine is being created	Yes
	equate supervision. Failure to meet parent or taker responsibilities	Yes
	or alcohol misuse. Parental drug or alcohol use causing harm to child	No
q. Pren	atal exposure to drugs or alcohol	Yes
	substance. Illegally providing a controlled stance to a child	No
s. Hum servi	an trafficking, involuntary servitude, sexual itude	Yes
t. Fema	ale genital mutilation	Yes
u. Shak	ken baby syndrome, abusive head trauma	No
v. Failu	re to protect. Failure to protect from harm	No
w. Dom	estic violence. Exposure to domestic violence	Yes
x. Facti	itious disorder by proxy	No
y. Instit	tutional abuse/neglect	Yes
z. Othe	er definition (specify)	No

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Table II (continued)

		Response
2.	Subtypes of maltreatment included in state definition	
a.	Subtypes of maltreatment considered abuse	Not applicable
b.	Subtypes of maltreatment considered neglect	Not applicable
C.	Subtypes of maltreatment considered other than abuse or neglect	Not applicable
3.	Level of harm included in state's definition of child maltreatment	
a.	Inflicts harm	Yes
b.	Imminent danger or substantial risk of harm	Yes
4.	Differences in level of harm included in state's definition of child maltreatment by type of maltreatment	Yes - Definition of abandonment does not specify harm or risk or harm; Definition of approves commission of delinquent acts (including trafficking) does not specify harm or risk or harm; All other types of maltreatment include harm or risk of harm
5.	Type of harm or injury specified in state's definition of child maltreatment	
a.	Death, bodily injury, impairment of physical condition	Yes
b.	Impairment of mental or emotional condition	Yes
C.	Harmful environment, conditions	No
d.	Type of harm or injury not specified	No
e.	Other (specify)	No
6.	Variation in extent of injury or harm by maltreatment type in the state's definition of child maltreatment	Yes - Mental injury (emotional maltreatment) specifies impairment of mental or emotional condition; Physical injury is defined as death or permanent or temporary disfigurement or impairment of any bodily organ or function
7.	Perpetrator identified as part of state's definition of child maltreatment	Yes
8.	Types of perpetrators specified as part of state's definition of child maltreatment	
a.	Any adult	No
b.	Parent	Yes
C.	Guardian	Yes
d.	Caregiver/caretaker	Yes
e.	Family member/parent/paramour	No
f.	Household member	No
g.	Person responsible for child	Yes
h.	Other (specify)	No

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Table II (continued)

	Response
Types of perpetrators vary by type of maltreatment	Yes
10. Explanation of variation in types of perpetrator by maltreatment type	The perpetrator is not defined for 'trafficking in persons,' but state statute notes it extends beyond parent, guardian, or other person responsible for the child's welfare
11. Child age included in definition of child maltreatment	Yes
12. Specific child age in definition of child maltreatment	Under age 18
13. Variability of child age by type of maltreatment	No

Table III. Child maltreatment definition exemptions

		Response: Yes/No/Unknown
1.	Exemption included in state's definition of child maltreatment	
a.	Financial issues, financial inability to provide for a child	Yes
b.	Discipline; physical discipline, as long as it is reasonable and causes no bodily injury to the child	Yes
C.	Safe haven exemption; newborn relinquished or abandoned in accordance with infant safe haven laws	Yes
d.	Infant testing positive for drugs – medical; newborn with positive test for controlled substance as a result of parent's medical treatment	Yes
e.	Religious observance; parent relies on spiritual or religious forms of medical treatment	Yes
f.	Other exemption (specify)	Yes - Child's absences from school may not be considered abuse or neglect unless the school has made efforts to bring about the child's attendance and those efforts were unsuccessful because of the parents' refusal to cooperate
2.	Safe haven exemption included in state's definition of child maltreatment	
a.	Must leave a child at specific safe haven locations	Yes
b.	Child must be left by parent or parent's agent	Yes
C.	Child must be left by a certain age (specify)	Yes - 60 days old or younger
d.	No intent to return	Yes
e.	Child must be left unharmed	Yes
f.	Other (specify)	Yes - The person leaving the infant is not required to disclose his or her identity; The person must leave the infant in the physical custody of a staff member or employee of the safe haven; The safe haven must ask the person leaving the infant to identify any parent of the infant other than the person leaving the infant with the safe haven

Table IV. Definitions and response for child fatalities and near-fatalities cases

	able IV. Definitions and response for child fatalities and hear-fatalities cases				
	Response: Yes/No/Unknown				
1. State's definition of fatalities or deaths caused by child maltreatment					
a. Not specified/not defined	No				
b. Injury from abuse or neglect caused death	Yes				
c. Abuse or neglect was contributing factor in death	Yes				
d. Death of child was in child welfare custody/foster care	Yes				
e. Other (specify)	Yes - Unexpected or unexplained deaths				
f. Unknown	No				
2. State conducts case reviews with a child fatality review team or a similar review process for fatalities caused by child abuse or neglect					
a. No case review or review process	No				
b. Reviews are required of all or some cases	Yes				
c. Reviews can be conducted but are not required	No				
d. Other (specify)	No				
e. Unknown	No				
3. State's definition of near-fatalities or near-deaths caused by child maltreatment					
a. Not specified/not defined	Yes				
b. General reference to a serious or critical condition/injury that is life threatening with a substantial risk of death	No				
c. Specific injury or specific medical treatment/intervention (specify)	No				
d. Other (specify)	No				
e. Unknown	No				
4. State conducts case reviews with a review team or similar review process for near-fatalities caused by child abuse or neglect					
a. No case review or review process	Yes				
b. Reviews are required of all or some cases	No				
c. Reviews can be conducted but are not required	No				
d. Other (specify)	No				
e. Unknown	No				

2021

Domain R: Reporting child abuse and neglect

Table V. Reporting policies

Iak	Table V. Reporting policies			
		Response		
1.	Statewide centralized reporting	No		
2.	How reporting is decentralized			
a.	Each county or region has its own reporting hotline	Yes		
b.	Some counties or regions have their own reporting hotline	No		
C.	During some times of the day, counties or regions have their own reporting hotline	No		
d.	Other (specify)	No		
3.	Standard for reporting child maltreatment			
a.	Known abuse and neglect	No		
b.	Reasonable cause to believe a child was abused or neglected	Yes		
4.	Universal mandated reporting	No		
5.	Required training for mandated reporters	Unknown		
6.	Penalties for failure to report	Yes, all mandated reporters		
7.	Specific penalties for failure to report			
a.	Criminal charges	Yes		
b.	Civil charges	No		
C.	Professional licensure suspended or revoked	No		
d.	Other (specify)	No		
8.	Penalties for false reporting	Yes		
9.	Specific penalties for false reporting			
a.	Criminal charges	Yes		
b.	Civil charges	Yes		
C.	Professional license suspended or revoked	No		
d.	Other (specify)	No		
e.	Unknown	No		
10	. Immunity for reporters of child abuse and neglect	Yes		
11	. Information requested at the time of report			
a.	Identifying information of child	Yes		
b.	Location/contact information of child and family	Yes		
C.	Type/severity of suspected maltreatment	Yes		
d.	Date of suspected maltreatment	Yes		
e.	Identifying and other information of alleged perpetrator(s)	No		
f.	Identifying and other information of reporter	Yes		
g.	Identifying information of child's parents, guardian, or caregiver/caretaker	No		
h.	Identifying and other information of family/household members	Yes		
i.	Information on prior maltreatment	Yes		
j.	Other (specify)	No		
12	. Anonymity of reporter			
a.	All reporters (including mandated reports) can stay anonymous	Yes		

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Table V (continued)

	Response
b. The general public can be anonymous (mandated reporters cannot remain anonymous)	No
c. Reporters (including mandated reporters) cannot be anonymous	No
d. Unknown	No
13. Tribal involvement in accepting reports of tribal cases	
a. Tribes are not involved	No
b. Tribes accept reports (specify tribes)	No
c. Collaboration of tribes with state/local public child welfare agency to accept reports (specify tribes)	No
d. Tribes accept reports and collaborate with state/local public child welfare agency (specify tribes)	No
e. Unknown	Yes
14. State requires all notifications of substance-exposed newborns (SENs) to be submitted as reports of child maltreatment	
State does not require all cases of SENs to be reported for child maltreatment, but they could be reported if they meet certain criteria	No
b. State requires all SENs to be reported as child maltreatment	Yes
c. Other (specify)	No
d. Unknown	No
15. Accepts reports of risk without an allegation of child maltreatment (risk-only reports)	
a. No	No
b. Yes	Yes
c. Other (specify)	No
d. Unknown	No

Table VI. Types of mandated reporters

		Response	Response	Response
1.	Types of mandated reporters	Included in state's definition of mandated reporters	Training required ¹	Subject to penalties for failure to report ²
a.	Foster parents	Yes	Unknown	Yes
b.	School staff - teachers	Yes	Unknown	Yes
C.	School bus drivers or other transportation staff	No	Logical Skip	Logical Skip
d.	Before- /after-school program staff	No	Logical Skip	Logical Skip
e.	Child care staff	Yes	Unknown	Yes
f.	Camp counselors, directors, or administrators	No	Logical Skip	Logical Skip
g.	Athletic coaches or staff	No	Logical Skip	Logical Skip
h.	Medical or dental professionals	Yes	Unknown	Yes
i.	Substance abuse disorder treatment providers	Yes	Unknown	Yes
j.	Mental health, counselors, or other social service professionals	Yes	Unknown	Yes
k.	Police or other law enforcement	Yes	Unknown	Yes
I.	Emergency medical technicians, firefighters, or other emergency personnel	Yes	Unknown	Yes
m.	Judges	Yes	Unknown	Yes
n.	District attorneys or other attorneys	No	Logical Skip	Logical Skip
0.	Guardian ad litems or court-appointed special advocates	Yes	Unknown	Yes
p.	Other court personnel	No	Logical Skip	Logical Skip
q.	Shelter staff	No	Logical Skip	Logical Skip
r.	Those who work in fields processing or monitoring print, film, or computer images	Yes	Unknown	Yes
S.	Religious clergy	Yes	Unknown	Yes
t.	Volunteers	No	Logical Skip	Logical Skip
u.	Coroners or medical examiners	Yes	No	No
٧.	Staff or contractors of state and county agencies	No	No	No

2021

Table VI (continued)

	Response	Response	Response
Types of mandated reporters	Included in state's definition of mandated reporters	Training required ¹	Subject to penalties for failure to report ²
w. Other type of mandated reporter (specify)	Yes - Undertaker, funeral home director, or employee of a funeral home	Unknown	Yes - Undertaker, funeral home director, or employee of a funeral home

¹Responses in this column can equal logical skip when the given type of mandated reporter is not included in the state's definition of mandated reporters or when no training is required for mandated reporters (Table V.5). Responses in this column can be yes when a state has universal mandated reporting (Table V.4) and all mandated reporters require training (Table V.5).

²Responses in this column can equal logical skip when the given type of mandated reporter is not included in the state's definition of mandated reporters or when no mandated reporters are subject to penalties (Table V.6). Reponses in this column can be yes when a state has universal mandated reporting (Table V.4) and when all adults or all mandated reporters are subject to penalties (Table V.6).

Domain S: Screening reports of child abuse and neglect

Table VII. Screening policies

		Response
1.	Statewide centralized screening	No
2.	How screening is decentralized	
a.	Each county or region has its own screening unit	Yes
b.	Some counties or regions have their own screening units	No
C.	During certain times of the day, counties or regions have their own screening units	No
d.	Other (specify)	No
3.	Information required to screen in report	
a.	Identifying information of child	Yes
b.	Location/contact information of child and family	Yes
C.	Type/severity of suspected maltreatment	Yes
d.	Date of suspected maltreatment	Yes
e.	Identifying and other information of alleged perpetrator(s)	No
f.	Other (specify)	Yes - How to locate parent or caretaker; Information and ages of other children in the family; Relationship of reporter to victim and family; Prior known abuse or neglect; Reporter's source of information; Reporter's level of knowledge of the alleged abuse or neglect
g.	Unknown	No

Table VIII. Screening decision process and activities

	Vities		Canditions or
			Conditions or types of
	Response	Required cases	cases
1. Decision processes used during screening			
a. Supervisory review	Yes	Required for all	_
b. Team-based decision	No	Logical Skip	_
c. Individual screener	No	Logical Skip	_
d. Other (specify)	No	Logical Skip	_
e. Unknown	No	_	_
Variability of decision process used for screening			
a. Consistent statewide	Yes	_	_
b. Varies locally	No	_	_
c. Unknown	No	_	_
Certain activities or information are required as part of screening	Yes		
Activities/information required as part of screening			
a. Safety or risk assessment	Yes	Required for all	Not applicable
b. Review agency records for prior involvement with child protective services	Yes	Required for all	Not applicable
c. Other (specify)	Yes - Identification of protective factors and family strengths; Culturally- specific concerns or communication limitation; Whether family is part of federally recognized Native American tribe or nation; Collection of collateral contacts; Notification of mandated reporter regarding intake decision	Required for all	Not applicable

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Table VIII (continued)

		Response	Required cases	Conditions or types of cases
5.	Types of safety/risk assessment used during screening			
a.	Structured decision making	No	_	_
b.	Other (specify)	Yes - Child Protection Services (CPS) Assessment Tool		_
6.	Consistency of screening activities/information			
a.	Consistent statewide	Yes	_	_
b.	Varies locally (specify)	No	_	_
C.	Unknown	No	_	_

Table IX. Screeners

		Response
1	Screener of abuse and neglect reports	Kesponse
a.		Yes
-	Case managers (supervisors)	Yes
C.	Staff in specialized screening unit	Yes
d.		No
2.		
a.	Associate's degree	No
	Bachelor's degree	Yes
-	Master's degree	No
d.	Training for screening (specify)	No
e.	Years of experience (specify)	Yes -If the applicant does not possess a bachelor's degree in social work or another behavioral or social science discipline, applicants should possess a bachelor's degree in any other discipline and have at least one (1) year of experience in a field related to child welfare or human services casework
f.	Other (specify)	No
g.	Unknown	No
3.	Degree in social work or related field for screeners	
a.	Not required	No
b.	Required	No
C.	Recommended or preferred, but not required	Yes
d.	Other (specify)	No
e.	Unknown	No
4.	Tribal involvement in screening process of tribal cases	
a.	Tribes are not involved	Yes
b.	Tribes conduct screening (specify tribes)	No
C.	Collaboration of tribes with state/local public child welfare agency (specify tribes)	No
d.	Tribes conduct screening and collaborate with state/local public child welfare agency (specify tribes)	No
e.	Unknown	No

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Domain I: Investigations of child abuse and neglect

Table X. Investigations policies

	ne A. investigations policies	
		Response
1.	Child maltreatment investigations lead to criminal penalties	Yes
2.	Investigator for reports	
a.	Caseworkers (frontline staff)	Yes
b.	Case managers (supervisors)	Yes
C.	Staff in specialized investigations unit	No
d.	Law enforcement	No
e.	Other (specify)	No
3.	Qualifications of investigator	
a.	Associate's degree	No
b.	Bachelor's degree	Yes
C.	Master's degree	Yes
d.	Training for conducting investigations (specify)	No
e.	Years of experience (specify)	Yes - 1 year experience in a related field; Experience as a professional Social Worker with a bachelor's or master's degree in a Social Work or Social Welfare program
f.	Other (specify)	No
g.	Unknown	No
4.	Degree in social work or related field for investigators	
a.	Not required	No
b.	Required	No
C.	Recommended or preferred, but not required	Yes
d.	Other (specify)	No
e.	Unknown	No
5.	Level of evidence required for substantiation (founded/indicated/confirmed)	
a.	Preponderance of evidence	Yes
b.	Credible or substantial evidence	No
C.	Probable or reasonable cause	No
d.	Unknown	No
6.	Investigation determination can result in an "inconclusive" finding	
a.	No	No
b.	Yes	Yes
C.	Unknown	No

Table XI. Required activities/information for investigation

	ne Al. Required activities/illion	l		
			Required	Conditions or types of
		Response	cases	cases
1.	Certain activities/information required for the investigation process	Yes		
2.	Specific activities or information required for investigation			
a.	Review agency records for prior involvement with child protective services	Yes	Required for all	Not applicable
b.	Visit to child's home	Yes	Required for all	Not applicable
C.	Interview or observation of child victim	Yes	Required for all	Not applicable
d.	Interview or observation of other children living in child's home	Yes	Required for all	Not applicable
e.	Risk or safety assessment	Yes	Required for all	Not applicable
f.	Evaluation of home environment or home study	No	Logical Skip	Not applicable
g.	Interviews with child's parents, caregivers, or other adults residing in child's home	Yes	Required for all	Not applicable
h.	Check of criminal records for adults in home	No	Logical Skip	Not applicable
i.	Check of child welfare or central registry for prior child maltreatment allegations against adults in home	Yes	Required for all	Not applicable
j.	Medical evaluation	Yes	Required for some	Child fatalities; Sexual abuse; Head injury under the in children age of 3; Burns in children under age 3; Fractures in children under age 5; Bruises located on the face, neck, chest, back, buttocks with a pattern or multiple in number; Sexually transmitted diseases in children under age 11
k.	Mental health evaluation	No	Logical Skip	Not applicable
I.	Interview alleged perpetrator	Yes	Required for all	Not applicable
m.	Interview reporter or collateral source	Yes	Required for all	Not applicable

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Table XI (continued)

	Response	Required cases	Conditions or types of cases
n. Other (specify)	Yes - Notify law enforcement, when necessary; Make contact with Family Independence/Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program to assist in locating the family; Notify foster care staff of infant coming into custody under Safe Haven Act; Consider barriers to communication (e.g., Limited English Proficiency, Sensory Impaired); Identify race/ethnicity and immigrant status of child and family; Determine and document tribal membership; Notify the subject of the report that it is being investigated; Screen for domestic violence, substance abuse, mental illness or criminal activity of parents; Assess school performance, attendance, and behaviors; Assess responses of parent/guardian to abuse/neglect; Photographs; X-rays or other tests	Required for some	Physical abuse; Sexual abuse

2021

Domain W: Child welfare response

Table XII. Differential or alternative response

		Response
1 D	Differential/alternative response	Посрено
a. N	·	No
b. Ye	es - implemented statewide	Yes
	es - implemented in specific counties or regions specify)	No
d. U	nknown	No
	ypes of maltreatment eligible for ifferential/alternative response	
a. Al	Il types of maltreatment are eligible	Yes
b. O	only certain types of maltreatment are eligible	No
c. U	nknown	No
	ypes of maltreatment <u>not</u> eligible for ifferential/alternative response	
a. C	ases involving child fatalities	Logical Skip
b. Si	ubstance-exposed infants	Logical Skip
c. Pl	hysical abuse	Logical Skip
d. Se	exual abuse	Logical Skip
e. N	eglect	Logical Skip
f. Al	bandoned infants	Logical Skip
g. O	other (specify)	Logical Skip
	ligibility for differential/alternative response etermined by a risk determination	
a. N	0	No
b. Ye	es	Yes
c. O	other (specify)	No
d. U	nknown	No
	ools used to determine risk for ifferential/alternative response	Yes - Intake CPS Assessment Tool; Safety Threshold Criteria (ISOLVE)
	isk level eligible for differential/alternative esponse	
a. N	o risk	No
b. Lo	ow risk	Yes
c. M	loderate risk	Yes
d. O	other (specify)	No
e. U	nknown	No

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Table XII (continued)

		Response
7.	Other types of cases or conditions eligible for differential/alternative response	
a.	No other cases or conditions	No
b.	No immediate safety concerns	Yes
C.	No or few prior reports of child abuse or neglect	No
d.	Other (specify)	No
8.	When is determination made for differential/alternative response	
a.	At time of screening to screen out to differential response	Yes
b.	After a report is screened in	No
C.	Other (specify)	No
9.	Referrals to community services for cases engaged in differential response	
a.	No	No
b.	Yes - for all cases	Yes
C.	Yes - when families express interest	No
d.	Yes - when there is a determination of risk	No
e.	Yes - other (specify)	No

Table XIII. In-home services, foster care, and permanency

		Response
1.	In-home services provided for unsubstantiated cases to maintain intact families	
a.	No	No
b.	Yes - implemented statewide	Yes
C.	Yes - implemented in specific counties or regions	No
d.	Unknown	No
2.	In-home services provided post reunification	
a.	No	No
b.	Yes - implemented statewide	Yes
C.	Yes - implemented in specific counties or regions	No
d.	Unknown	No
3.	Tribal involvement in foster care for tribal cases	
a.	Tribes do not provide foster care	No
b.	Tribes provide foster care (specify tribes)	Yes - Catawba Indian Nation; all federally recognized tribes
C.	Unknown	No
4.	Foster care extension for those older than 18	Yes
5.	Age youth are allowed to remain in extended foster care	
a.	Age 21	Yes
b.	Other (specify)	No
6.	Permanency	
a.	Kinship guardianship as a permanency option	Yes
b.	Subsidized guardianship	No
C.	Subsidized kinship guardianship	No
d.	Subsidized adoption	Yes
7.	Foster care case management staff	
a.	State/county public agency staff	Yes
b.	Contracted provider staff	No
C.	Tribal agency staff	Yes
d.	Unknown	No
8.	Qualifications of foster care case managers	
a.	Associate degree	No
b.	Bachelor's degree	Yes
C.	Master's degree	Yes
d.	Training for case management (specify)	No
e.	Years of experience (specify)	Yes - 1 year of experience in a field related to Child Welfare or Human Services case management
f.	Other (specify)	Yes - A bachelor's or master's degree in a Social Work or Social Welfare Program accredited by the Council on accredited institution, plus experience as a professional social worker

2021

Table XIII (continued)

		Response
g.	Unknown	No
9.	Degree in social work or related field for foster care case managers	
a.	Not required	No
b.	Required	No
C.	Recommended or preferred, but not required	Yes
d.	Other (specify)	No
e.	Unknown	No

2021

Table XIV. Agency staff dedicated to equity

		Response
1.	Child welfare agency uses staff roles/functions dedicated to addressing disproportionality and/or equity	
a.	No staff or roles	Yes
b.	Uses cultural brokers	No
C.	Uses manager, administrator, or office focused on diversity, equity, and inclusion (DEI) or multicultural or tribal affairs	No
d.	Other (specify)	No
e.	Unknown	No
2.	Aspects of child welfare process that involve cultural brokers	
a.	Screening process	Logical Skip
b.	Investigation process	Logical Skip
C.	Case management/child welfare response	Logical Skip
d.	Other (specify)	Logical Skip
e.	Unknown	Logical Skip
3.	Specify other staff roles/job functions dedicated to addressing disproportionality and/or equity	Not applicable
4.	Aspects of child welfare process that involve other staff roles/functions used to address disproportionality and/or equity	
a.	Screening process	Logical Skip
b.	Investigation process	Logical Skip
C.	Case management/child welfare response	Logical Skip
d.	Other (specify)	Logical Skip
e.	Unknown	Logical Skip

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Domain C: Child welfare system context

Table XV. Child welfare system context

		Response
1.	State- or county-administered child welfare system	
a.	State administered	Yes
b.	County administered	No
C.	Hybrid (partially administered by the state and partially administered by the counties)	No
d.	Unknown	No
2.	State operates under legal consent decree or other court-ordered monitoring	Yes - Michelle H v Haley

outh Carolina 2021

Supplemental Notes on State

Definitions

Although illegal substance and drug or alcohol misuse are addressed in the definition of "drug endangered child" in a supplemental appendix to the child protection policy, they are not defined as maltreatment in the state statutes or code.

The South Carolina Department of Social Services (DSS) is developing a response protocol for near-fatalities, which it expects to complete in 2022.

For the purposes of child protective services, South Carolina law defines a child to include a viable fetus. A fetus is considered to be viable if it can live outside the mother's womb, which medical professionals currently define as 24 weeks of gestation.

Reporting

DSS conducts appropriate training for mandated reporters, but it is not clear whether mandated reporters are required to take such training.

Risk-only reports can be accepted as reports of maltreatment. However, they are only screened in if other criteria meet the threshold for substantial risk.

Screening

South Carolina refers to screening as "intake." Intake workers gather information from the reporter. The information gathered during the reporting phase is the same as information gathered during intake/screening. The Intake Unit is a specialized unit composed of caseworkers and supervisors.

Investigations

For other investigation activities, notifying law enforcement is only required when there is suspected sexual abuse.

Photographs, X-rays, and other tests are only required for physical abuse, and only when extreme enough to be warranted.

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State Statutes and Policy Documentation Sources

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