

### SCAN Policies Database State Profile 2021: Washington

### **Overview of the SCAN Policies Database**

The State Child Abuse and Neglect (SCAN) Policies Database compiles data on the definitions and policies that states use in their surveillance of child maltreatment, along with data on associated risk and protective factors. The SCAN Policies Database is funded by the Office of Planning, Research, and Evaluation in collaboration with the Children's Bureau in the Administration for Children and Families, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Mathematica leads this project in partnership with Child Trends.

The project's purpose is to review and compile information from states' definitions and policies to create a database of those definitions and policies that can be used for analysis. The SCAN Policies Database is a resource for researchers, analysts, child welfare agency staff, and others interested in examining differences between states in their definitions and policies on child maltreatment and how they change over time.

#### Content

The scope of the SCAN Policies Database includes information about state definitions and policies related to child abuse and neglect for all 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico. The SCAN Policies Database team gathered this information through a document collection, review, and coding process. The team obtained input from states on data collection through a confirmation and verification process. More information about these data collection procedures can be found in the data user's guide and data collection protocol, accessible at <a href="https://www.scanpoliciesdatabase.com/data-use-resources">https://www.scanpoliciesdatabase.com/data-use-resources</a>.

The SCAN Policies Database 2021 represents data collected, reviewed, and verified between July 2021 and January 2022. The data reflect the state definitions and policies for the calendar year 2021. The scope of topics in the database includes states' definitions of child abuse and neglect, as well as information about policies related to reporting, screening, and investigating child maltreatment. Key aspects of the child welfare systems' response and context are also included.

The content in the SCAN Policies Database is organized into six domains. The state profiles, codebook, data collection protocol, and data file are also organized by these domains. In the protocol, each question begins with a letter prefix identifying the domain for each variable. The six domains with the identifying protocol number prefix are listed below.

Domain	Question prefix
Definitions	D
Reporting	R
Screening	S
Investigation	I
Child welfare response	W
Child welfare system context	С

### State profile

This SCAN Policies Database state profile is a summary of the information collected about the definitions and policies for the identified state. It is organized by six domains, with each section containing a set of tables that depict the state's information for all variables within that domain.

The state profile presents data for each variable with "yes," "no," "unknown," or other response as appropriate. The response of "unknown" appears for topics that could not be located from the state's available resources or verified with that state. In some cases, "logical skip" appears when a question was not applicable to a particular state, given a related response on a preceding question.

#### Data use resources

Several data use resources are available to support users of the SCAN Policies Database:

- Data user's guide: The guide has detailed information about the data set, including the process used to collect and review the data, the scope of information included in the data set, guidance on using the data, such as how to link the data with other data sources, and notes about specific topics. The data user's guide includes appendices with information on corrections to the SCAN Policies Database 2019 and a summary of changes to the data between 2019 and 2021 that reflect changes to state laws and policies during that time period. There is one data user's guide that is updated and applicable for all rounds of data collection for the SCAN Policies Database.
- Codebook: The codebook provides information about each variable in the data set, including variable names, labels, definitions, protocol number, variable type, and frequencies. The codebook includes several appendices, including a list of all sources used to review and code data. There are separate codebooks to summarize the data from each round of data collection.
- **Data collection protocol:** The protocol has the questions used to collect information about states' statutes and policies as part of the data review and coding process. There are separate data collection protocols for each round of data collection for the SCAN Policies Database.

These data use resources can be found on the SCAN Policies Database website (<a href="https://www.scanpoliciesdatabase.com/data-use-resources">https://www.scanpoliciesdatabase.com/data-use-resources</a>) or from the National Data Archive for Child Abuse and Neglect (NDACAN) (<a href="https://www.ndacan.acf.hhs.gov/">https://www.ndacan.acf.hhs.gov/</a>).

#### More information

More information about the SCAN Policies Database can be found at <a href="https://www.scanpoliciesdatabase.com">https://www.scanpoliciesdatabase.com</a>. General inquiries can be submitted to <a href="mailto:SCANPoliciesDatabase@mathematica-mpr.com">SCANPoliciesDatabase@mathematica-mpr.com</a>.

# State identifying information

## Table I. State identifying information

	Response
a. State abbreviation	WA
b. State Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) code	53
c. Census region code	West
d. State verified coding of information	Yes
e. State confirmed documents reviewed	Yes
f. State definitions and policies for calendar year	2021
g. Data version	2021v1

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### **Domain D: Definitions of child maltreatment**

Table II. State's definition of child maltreatment

		Response
1.	Types of maltreatment included in state definition	
a.	Physical abuse	Yes
b.	Excessive corporal punishment	Yes
C.	Sexual abuse	Yes
d.	Emotional maltreatment	Yes
e.	Neglect	Yes
f.	Inadequate clothing	Yes
g.	Inadequate shelter	Yes
h.	Malnourishment, inadequate food	Yes
i.	Medical neglect, inadequate medical care	Yes
j.	Failure to thrive	Yes
k.	Educational neglect	No
I.	Abandonment	Yes
m.	Injurious environment. Likelihood of harm to child's health, physical well-being	No
n.	Drug lab. Child present within structure where methamphetamine is being created	Yes
0.	Inadequate supervision. Failure to meet parent or caretaker responsibilities	Yes
p.	Drug or alcohol misuse. Parental drug or alcohol misuse causing harm to child	Yes
q.	Prenatal exposure to drugs or alcohol	No
r.	Illicit substance. Illegally providing a controlled substance to a child	Yes
S.	Human trafficking, involuntary servitude, sexual servitude	Yes
t.	Female genital mutilation	No
u.	Shaken baby syndrome, abusive head trauma	Yes
٧.	Failure to protect. Failure to protect from harm	Yes
W.	Domestic violence. Exposure to domestic violence	No
Х.	Factitious disorder by proxy	No
у.	Institutional abuse/neglect	No
Z.	Other definition (specify)	No

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## Table II (continued)

		Response
2.	Subtypes of maltreatment included in state definition	
a.	Subtypes of maltreatment considered abuse	Abuse includes physical abuse, punishment, and sexual abuse; Shaken baby syndrome is considered physical abuse
b.	Subtypes of maltreatment considered neglect	Neglect includes inadequate clothing, inadequate shelter, malnourishment, medical neglect, parent responsibilities, and failure to protect
C.	Subtypes of maltreatment considered other than abuse or neglect	Not applicable
3.	Level of harm included in state's definition of child maltreatment	
a.	Inflicts harm	Yes
b.	Imminent danger or substantial risk of harm	Yes
4.	Differences in level of harm included in state's definition of child maltreatment by type of maltreatment	No
5.	Type of harm or injury specified in state's definition of child maltreatment	
a.	Death, bodily injury, impairment of physical condition	Yes
b.	Impairment of mental or emotional condition	Yes
C.	Harmful environment, conditions	No
d.	Type of harm or injury not specified	No
e.	Other (specify)	No
6.	Variation in extent of injury or harm by maltreatment type in the state's definition of child maltreatment	No
7.	Perpetrator identified as part of state's definition of child maltreatment	Yes
8.	Types of perpetrators specified as part of state's definition of child maltreatment	
a.	Any adult	No
b.	Parent	Yes
C.	Guardian	Yes
d.	Caregiver/caretaker	Yes
e.	Family member/parent/paramour	No
f.	Household member	No
g.	Person responsible for child	Yes
h.	Other (specify)	No

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## Table II (continued)

	Response
Types of perpetrators vary by type of maltreatment	Yes
10. Explanation of variation in types of perpetrator by maltreatment type	For negligent treatment or maltreatment, the perpetrator is a child's parent, legal custodian, guardian, or caregiver; For abandonment, the perpetrator is a parent or guardian
11. Child age included in definition of child maltreatment	Yes
12. Specific child age in definition of child maltreatment	Under age 18
13. Variability of child age by type of maltreatment	No

Table III. Child maltreatment definition exemptions

		Response:
		Yes/No/Unknown
1.	Exemption included in state's definition of child maltreatment	
a.	Financial issues, financial inability to provide for a child	Yes
b.	Discipline; physical discipline, as long as it is reasonable and causes no bodily injury to the child	Yes
C.	Safe haven exemption; newborn relinquished or abandoned in accordance with infant safe haven laws	Yes
d.	Infant testing positive for drugs – medical; newborn with positive test for controlled substance as a result of parent's medical treatment	No
e.	Religious observance; parent relies on spiritual or religious forms of medical treatment	No
f.	Other exemption (specify)	No
2.	Safe haven exemption included in state's definition of child maltreatment	
a.	Must leave a child at specific safe haven locations	Yes
b.	Child must be left by parent or parent's agent	Yes
C.	Child must be left by a certain age (specify)	Yes - 72 hours old or younger
d.	No intent to return	No
e.	Child must be left unharmed	No
f.	Other (specify)	No

Table IV. Definitions and response for child fatalities and near-fatalities cases

		Response: Yes/No/Unknown
1.	State's definition of fatalities or deaths caused by child maltreatment	TCS/ITC/CITATIOWIT
a.	Not specified/not defined	No
b.	Injury from abuse or neglect caused death	Yes
C.	Abuse or neglect was contributing factor in death	Yes
d.	Death of child was in child welfare custody/foster care	Yes
e.	Other (specify)	No
f.	Unknown	No
2.	State conducts case reviews with a child fatality review team or a similar review process for fatalities caused by child abuse or neglect	
a.	No case review or review process	No
b.	Reviews are required of all or some cases	Yes
C.	Reviews can be conducted but are not required	No
d.	Other (specify)	No
e.	Unknown	No
3.	State's definition of near-fatalities or near-deaths caused by child maltreatment	
a.	Not specified/not defined	No
b.	General reference to a serious or critical condition/injury that is life threatening with a substantial risk of death	Yes
C.	Specific injury or specific medical treatment/intervention (specify)	No
d.	Other (specify)	No
e.	Unknown	No
4.	State conducts case reviews with a review team or similar review process for near-fatalities caused by child abuse or neglect	
a.	No case review or review process	No
b.	Reviews are required of all or some cases	Yes
C.	Reviews can be conducted but are not required	No
d.	Other (specify)	No
e.	Unknown	No

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# Domain R: Reporting child abuse and neglect

Table V. Reporting policies

ıar	Table V. Reporting policies			
		Response		
1.	Statewide centralized reporting	No		
2.	How reporting is decentralized			
a.	Each county or region has its own reporting hotline	No		
b.	Some counties or regions have their own reporting hotline	No		
C.	During some times of the day, counties or regions have their own reporting hotline	Yes		
d.	Other (specify)	No		
3.	Standard for reporting child maltreatment			
a.	Known abuse and neglect	Yes		
b.	Reasonable cause to believe a child was abused or neglected	Yes		
4.	Universal mandated reporting	No		
5.	Required training for mandated reporters	Yes, some mandated reporters		
6.	Penalties for failure to report	Yes, all mandated reporters		
7.	Specific penalties for failure to report			
a.	Criminal charges	Yes		
b.	Civil charges	No		
C.	Professional licensure suspended or revoked	No		
d.	Other (specify)	No		
8.	Penalties for false reporting	Yes		
9.	Specific penalties for false reporting			
a.	Criminal charges	Yes		
b.	Civil charges	No		
C.	Professional license suspended or revoked	No		
d.	Other (specify)	No		
e.	Unknown	No		
10	. Immunity for reporters of child abuse and neglect	Yes		
11	. Information requested at the time of report			
a.	Identifying information of child	Yes		
b.	Location/contact information of child and family	Yes		
C.	Type/severity of suspected maltreatment	Yes		
d.	Date of suspected maltreatment	Yes		
e.	Identifying and other information of alleged perpetrator(s)	Yes		
f.	Identifying and other information of reporter	Yes		
g.	Identifying information of child's parents, guardian, or caregiver/caretaker	Yes		
h.	Identifying and other information of family/household members	Yes		
i.	Information on prior maltreatment	Yes		
j.	Other (specify)	No		
12	. Anonymity of reporter			
a.	All reporters (including mandated reports) can stay anonymous	Yes		
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## Table V (continued)

	Response
b. The general public can be anonymous (mandated reporters cannot remain anonymous)	No
c. Reporters (including mandated reporters) cannot be anonymous	No
d. Unknown	No
13. Tribal involvement in accepting reports of tribal cases	
a. Tribes are not involved	Yes
b. Tribes accept reports (specify tribes)	No
c. Collaboration of tribes with state/local public child welfare agency to accept reports (specify tribes)	No
d. Tribes accept reports and collaborate with state/local public child welfare agency (specify tribes)	No
e. Unknown	No
14. State requires all notifications of substance-exposed newborns (SENs) to be submitted as reports of child maltreatment	
State does not require all cases of SENs to be reported for child maltreatment, but they could be reported if they meet certain criteria	No
b. State requires all SENs to be reported as child maltreatment	Yes
c. Other (specify)	No
d. Unknown	No
15. Accepts reports of risk without an allegation of child maltreatment (risk-only reports)	
a. No	No
b. Yes	Yes
c. Other (specify)	No
d. Unknown	No

Table VI. Types of mandated reporters

		Response	Response	Response
1.	Types of mandated reporters	Included in state's definition of mandated reporters	Training required <sup>1</sup>	Subject to penalties for failure to report <sup>2</sup>
a.	Foster parents	Yes	Yes	Yes
b.	School staff - teachers	Yes	No	Yes
C.	School bus drivers or other transportation staff	Yes	No	Yes
d.	Before- /after-school program staff	No	Logical Skip	Logical Skip
e.	Child care staff	Yes	No	Yes
f.	Camp counselors, directors, or administrators	No	Logical Skip	Logical Skip
g.	Athletic coaches or staff	Yes	No	Yes
h.	Medical or dental professionals	Yes	No	Yes
i.	Substance abuse disorder treatment providers	Yes	No	Yes
j.	Mental health, counselors, or other social service professionals	Yes	No	Yes
k.	Police or other law enforcement	Yes	No	Yes
I.	Emergency medical technicians, firefighters, or other emergency personnel	No	Logical Skip	Logical Skip
m.	Judges	No	Logical Skip	Logical Skip
n.	District attorneys or other attorneys	No	Logical Skip	Logical Skip
0.	Guardian ad litems or court-appointed special advocates	Yes	No	Yes
p.	Other court personnel	Yes	No	Yes
q.	Shelter staff	Yes	No	Yes
r.	Those who work in fields processing or monitoring print, film, or computer images	No	Logical Skip	Logical Skip
S.	Religious clergy	No	Logical Skip	Logical Skip
t.	Volunteers	Yes	No	Yes
u.	Coroners or medical examiners	Yes	No	No
٧.	Staff or contractors of state and county agencies	Yes	No	No

#### Table VI (continued)

1.	Types of mandated reporters	Response Included in state's definition of mandated reporters	Response  Training required <sup>1</sup>	Response  Subject to penalties for failure to report <sup>2</sup>
w.	Other type of mandated reporter (specify)	Yes - Licensed pathologists; Staff or volunteers in the Family and Children's Ombudsman Office; Any adult who resides with a child suspected to have suffered severe abuse	No	Yes - Licensed pathologists; Staff or volunteers in the Family and Children's Ombudsman Office; Any adult who resides with a child suspected to have suffered severe abuse

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Responses in this column can equal logical skip when the given type of mandated reporter is not included in the state's definition of mandated reporters or when no training is required for mandated reporters (Table V.5). Responses in this column can be yes when a state has universal mandated reporting (Table V.4) and all mandated reporters require training (Table V.5).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Responses in this column can equal logical skip when the given type of mandated reporter is not included in the state's definition of mandated reporters or when no mandated reporters are subject to penalties (Table V.6). Reponses in this column can be yes when a state has universal mandated reporting (Table V.4) and when all adults or all mandated reporters are subject to penalties (Table V.6).

# Domain S: Screening reports of child abuse and neglect

### Table VII. Screening policies

		Response
1.	Statewide centralized screening	No
2.	How screening is decentralized	
a.	Each county or region has its own screening unit	No
b.	Some counties or regions have their own screening units	No
C.	During certain times of the day, counties or regions have their own screening units	Yes
d.	Other (specify)	No
3.	Information required to screen in report	
a.	Identifying information of child	Yes
b.	Location/contact information of child and family	No
C.	Type/severity of suspected maltreatment	Yes
d.	Date of suspected maltreatment	No
e.	Identifying and other information of alleged perpetrator(s)	No
f.	Other (specify)	No
g.	Unknown	No

Table VIII. Screening decision process and activities

				Conditions or
		Response	Required cases	types of cases
1.	Decision processes used during screening			
a.	Supervisory review	Yes	Required for all	_
b.	Team-based decision	No	Logical Skip	_
C.	Individual screener	No	Logical Skip	_
d.	Other (specify)	No	Logical Skip	_
e.	Unknown	No	_	_
2.	Variability of decision process used for screening			
a.	Consistent statewide	Yes	_	_
b.	Varies locally	No	_	_
C.	Unknown	No	_	_
3.	Certain activities or information are required as part of screening	Yes		
4.	Activities/information required as part of screening			
a.	Safety or risk assessment	Yes	Required for all	Not applicable
b.	Review agency records for prior involvement with child protective services	Yes	Required for all	Not applicable
C.	Other (specify)	Yes - Response decision tree	Required for all	Not applicable
5.	Types of safety/risk assessment used during screening			
a.	Structured decision making	Yes	_	_
b.	Other (specify)	No	_	_
6.	Consistency of screening activities/information			
a.	Consistent statewide	Yes	_	_
b.	Varies locally (specify)	No	_	_
C.	Unknown	No	_	_

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### Table IX. Screeners

1 41	ole IX. Screeners	
		Response
1.	Screener of abuse and neglect reports	
a.	Caseworkers (frontline staff)	Yes
b.	Case managers (supervisors)	Yes
C.	Staff in specialized screening unit	Yes
d.	Other (specify)	No
2.	Qualifications of screener	
a.	Associate's degree	No
b.	Bachelor's degree	Yes
C.	Master's degree	Yes
d.	Training for screening (specify)	No
e.	Years of experience (specify)	Yes - 3 years for individuals with a bachelor's degree; 2 years for individuals with a master's degree
f.	Other (specify)	No
g.	Unknown	No
3.	Degree in social work or related field for screeners	
a.	Not required	No
b.	Required	No
C.	Recommended or preferred, but not required	Yes
d.	Other (specify)	No
e.	Unknown	No
4.	Tribal involvement in screening process of tribal cases	
a.	Tribes are not involved	No
b.	Tribes conduct screening (specify tribes)	No
C.	Collaboration of tribes with state/local public child welfare agency (specify tribes)	Yes - Chehalis; Colville; Cowlitz; Hoh; Jamestown; Kalispel; Lower Elwha; Lummi; Makah; Muckleshoot; Nisqually; Nooksack; Port Gamble; Puyallup; Quileute; Quinault; Samish; Sauk- Suiattle; Shoalwater; Skokomish; Snoqualmie; Spokane; Squaxin Island; Stillaguamish; Suquamish; Swinomish; Tulalip; Upper Skagit; Yakama
d.	Tribes conduct screening and collaborate with state/local public child welfare agency (specify tribes)	No
e.	Unknown	No

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# Domain I: Investigations of child abuse and neglect

Table X. Investigations policies

Response
No
Yes
No
No
Yes
No
No
Yes
Yes
No
Yes - 3 years for individuals with a bachelor's degree; 2 years for individuals with a master's degree
No
No
No
No
Yes
No
No
Yes
No
No
No
Yes
Yes No

Table XI. Required activities/information for investigation

		Response	Required cases	Conditions or types of cases
1.	Certain activities/information required for the investigation process	Yes	Cases	Cases
2.	Specific activities or information required for investigation			
a.	Review agency records for prior involvement with child protective services	Yes	Required for all	Not applicable
b.	Visit to child's home	No	Logical Skip	Not applicable
C.	Interview or observation of child victim	Yes	Required for all	Not applicable
d.	Interview or observation of other children living in child's home	Yes	Required for all	Not applicable
e.	Risk or safety assessment	Yes	Required for all	Not applicable
f.	Evaluation of home environment or home study	Yes	Required for some	Issues that may pose a child safety threat or risk of imminent harm, e.g., housing inspector, health department or other local authority
g.	Interviews with child's parents, caregivers, or other adults residing in child's home	Yes	Required for all	Not applicable
h.	Check of criminal records for adults in home	No	Logical Skip	Not applicable
i.	Check of child welfare or central registry for prior child maltreatment allegations against adults in home	No	Logical Skip	Not applicable

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## Table XI (continued)

	Response	Required cases	Conditions or types of cases
j. Medical evaluation	Yes	Required for some	If indicators of serious child abuse or neglect exist; If a child is 3 or younger with a physical abuse allegation; If the alleged child abuse and neglect cannot be reasonably attributed to the explanation and a diagnostic finding would clarify the assessment of risk or determine the need for medical treatment; If the alleged neglect includes concerns that children are deprived of food, underweight, or are starved; Consultation with the Child Protection Medical Consultation Network (CP Med-Con) or with a Child Advocacy Center (CAC) physician is required to (1) determine if a child alleged to be sexually abused needs a medical examination, (2) when there is an allegation of sexual abuse that includes physical injury to the child or the potential for the child to have a sexually transmitted disease, (3) when the child is seriously injured, and (4) when there is a pattern of injury to a young child because of alleged child abuse or neglect
k. Mental health evaluation	No	Logical Skip	Not applicable
Interview alleged perpetrator	Yes	Required for all	Not applicable
m. Interview reporter or collateral source	Yes	Required for all	Not applicable

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## Table XI (continued)

n. Other (specify)  Yes - If a child is believed to be unsafe and the child's whereabouts out-of-	equired cases uired for	Conditions or types of cases  These activities are generally case-specific as noted in the descriptions;
believed to be unsafe some and the child's whereabouts out-of-		generally case-specific as noted in the descriptions;
state are known, make a Child Protective Services (CPS) report in that state; If the investigation involves a military parent or guardian, notify the Department of Defense Family Advocacy Program, per the military Memorandum of Understanding; Provide infant safety education and intervention for all children in the household age birth to one year; Conduct a universal domestic violence (DV) screening; Complete the Investigative Assessment (IA); Refer a child or youth with complex behavioral health needs for a Wraparound Intensive Services (WISe) screen; Make a referral to Early Support for Infants and Toddlers (ESIT) services if a child younger than three years old is identified with a possible developmental delay		however, conducting a universal domestic violence (DV) screening and completing the Investigative Assessment (IA) are required for all reports

# **Domain W: Child welfare response**

Table XII. Differential or alternative response

	Response
1 Differential/alternative response	responds
a. No	No
b. Yes - implemented statewide	Yes
c. Yes - implemented in specific counties or regions (specify)	No
d. Unknown	No
Types of maltreatment eligible for differential/alternative response	
a. All types of maltreatment are eligible	No
b. Only certain types of maltreatment are eligible	Yes
c. Unknown	No
3. Types of maltreatment <u>not</u> eligible for differential/alternative response	
a. Cases involving child fatalities	Yes
b. Substance-exposed infants	No
c. Physical abuse	Yes
d. Sexual abuse	Yes
e. Neglect	Yes
f. Abandoned infants	Yes
g. Other (specify)	Yes - Severe maltreatment or abuse by a parent or caregiver; Injury to non-mobile infant; Allegation of commercial sexual exploitation; Child-on-child sexualized contact; Medical abuse reported on behalf of medical professional; Law enforcement report of parent arrested for criminal mistreatment of a child; Child victim of criminal offense
4. Eligibility for differential/alternative response determined by a risk determination	
a. No	No
b. Yes	Yes
c. Other (specify)	No
d. Unknown	No
5. Tools used to determine risk for differential/alternative response	Yes - Structured Decision Making (SDM) Screening Tool
6. Risk level eligible for differential/alternative response	
a. No risk	No
b. Low risk	Yes
c. Moderate risk	Yes
d. Other (specify)	No
e. Unknown	No

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### Table XII (continued)

		Response
	Other types of cases or conditions eligible for differential/alternative response	
a. I	No other cases or conditions	No
b. I	No immediate safety concerns	Yes
c. I	No or few prior reports of child abuse or neglect	Yes
d. (	Other (specify)	Yes - Does not have previous shelter care or dependency in the home closed in the last 12 months; Is not alleged victim already in out-of-home care
	When is determination made for differential/alternative response	
	At time of screening to screen out to differential response	Yes
b. <i>i</i>	After a report is screened in	No
С. (	Other (specify)	No
	Referrals to community services for cases engaged in differential response	
a. I	No	No
b. `	Yes - for all cases	No
С. `	Yes - when families express interest	Yes
d. `	Yes - when there is a determination of risk	Yes
e. `	Yes - other (specify)	No

Table XIII. In-home services, foster care, and permanency

		Response
1.	In-home services provided for unsubstantiated cases to maintain intact families	The second secon
a.	No	No
b.	Yes - implemented statewide	Yes
C.	Yes - implemented in specific counties or regions	No
d.	Unknown	No
2.	In-home services provided post reunification	
a.	No	No
b.	Yes - implemented statewide	Yes
C.	Yes - implemented in specific counties or regions	No
d.	Unknown	No
3.	Tribal involvement in foster care for tribal cases	
a.	Tribes do not provide foster care	No
b.	Tribes provide foster care (specify tribes)	Yes - Puyallup Tribe; Muckleshoot Indian Tribe; Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation; Nak Nu We Sha (Yakama Tribe); Quinault Tribe; Spokane Tribe of Indians; South Puget Intertribal Planning Agency (consortium of several small tribes); Chehalis Tribe; Lummi Tribe; Tulalip Tribe
C.	Unknown	No
4.	Foster care extension for those older than 18	Yes
5.	Age youth are allowed to remain in extended foster care	
a.	Age 21	Yes
b.	Other (specify)	No
6.	Permanency	
a.	Kinship guardianship as a permanency option	Yes
b.	Subsidized guardianship	Yes
C.	Subsidized kinship guardianship	Yes
d.	Subsidized adoption	Yes
7.	Foster care case management staff	
a.	State/county public agency staff	Yes
b.	Contracted provider staff	No
C.	Tribal agency staff	Yes
d.	Unknown	No
8.	Qualifications of foster care case managers	
a.	Associate degree	No
b.	Bachelor's degree	Yes
C.	Master's degree	Yes
d.	Training for case management (specify)	No
e.	Years of experience (specify)	Yes - 3 years for individuals with a bachelor's degree; 2 years for individuals with a master's degree

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### Table XIII (continued)

		Response
f.	Other (specify)	No
g.	Unknown	No
9.	Degree in social work or related field for foster care case managers	
a.	Not required	No
b.	Required	No
C.	Recommended or preferred, but not required	Yes
d.	Other (specify)	No
e.	Unknown	No

Table XIV. Agency staff dedicated to equity

		Response
1.	Child welfare agency uses staff roles/functions dedicated to addressing disproportionality and/or equity	Response
a.	No staff or roles	Yes
b.	Uses cultural brokers	No
C.	Uses manager, administrator, or office focused on diversity, equity, and inclusion (DEI) or multicultural or tribal affairs	No
d.	Other (specify)	No
e.	Unknown	No
2.	Aspects of child welfare process that involve cultural brokers	
a.	Screening process	Logical Skip
b.	Investigation process	Logical Skip
C.	Case management/child welfare response	Logical Skip
d.	Other (specify)	Logical Skip
e.	Unknown	Logical Skip
3.	Specify other staff roles/job functions dedicated to addressing disproportionality and/or equity	Not applicable
4.	Aspects of child welfare process that involve other staff roles/functions used to address disproportionality and/or equity	
a.	Screening process	Logical Skip
b.	Investigation process	Logical Skip
C.	Case management/child welfare response	Logical Skip
d.	Other (specify)	Logical Skip
e.	Unknown	Logical Skip

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# **Domain C: Child welfare system context**

Table XV. Child welfare system context

		Response
1.	State- or county-administered child welfare system	
a.	State administered	Yes
b.	County administered	No
C.	Hybrid (partially administered by the state and partially administered by the counties)	No
d.	Unknown	No
2.	State operates under legal consent decree or other court-ordered monitoring	Yes - Braam vs. State of Washington

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### **Supplemental Notes on State**

#### **Definitions**

Prenatal exposure to drugs or alcohol is not considered a maltreatment if there is no child abuse or neglect allegation or imminent risk of serious harm regarding children in the mother's care.

According to state law, the department investigates all child fatalities or near fatalities when there is or was an open case in the past 12 months.

#### Reporting

Although all reporters can remain anonymous, mandated reporters will not satisfy their mandatory reporting requirement if they do remain anonymous.

Training is required only for the foster parent who is the primary caregiver.

Homeless shelter staff are mandated reporters if the shelter is licensed as an overnight youth shelter.

#### Investigations

Beginning October 1, 2008, the department no longer makes inconclusive findings, but retains such findings made before that date.

#### Child welfare response

Cases not eligible for differential response include the following:

- 1. Severe maltreatment or abuse by a parent or caregiver
- 2. Previous shelter care or dependency in the home closed in the past 12 months
- 3. Alleged victim already in out-of-home care
- 4. Alleged victim or subject involved in three or more previous intakes screened in for CPS in past 12 months
- 5. Physical abuse to child age 3 or younger
- 6. Physical abuse to children younger than age 5 reported on behalf of medical professional
- 7. Injury to non-mobile infant
- 8. Allegation of commercial sexual exploitation
- 9. Child-on-child sexualized contact
- 10. Medical abuse reported on behalf of medical professional
- 11. Law enforcement report of parent arrested for criminal mistreatment of a child
- 12. Child victim of criminal offense
- 13. Serious physical abuse or serious neglect
- 14. The parent or caregiver declines to participate in Family Assessment Response (FAR)

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15. The parent or caregiver refuses to allow the FAR caseworker to complete an initial face-to-face encounter or interview the identified children

### **State Statutes and Policy Documentation Sources**

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